Financial Outlook

FY2021 and Beyond Presented by Finance



Payroll Taxes

As of October 31st: up approximately 5% compared to budget but down 5% compared to the prior year.

Payroll Taxes - Employer, Self-Employment, State-in-Lieu								
(in millions)								
	Cur	rent Year	Pric	or Year				
Budget	\$	115.9	\$	129.1				
Actual	\$	122.2	\$	128.5	\$	(6.4)	-5.0%	
Difference	e \$	6.2	\$	(0.6)				
		5.4%		-0.4%				





Passenger Revenue

As of October 31st: down approximately 31% compared to budget and 61% compared to the prior year.

	Passenger Revenue									
(in millions)										
		Curre	nt Year	Prio	r Year					
	Budget	\$	21.4	\$	39.9					
	Actual	\$	14.7	\$	37.4	\$ (22.7)	-60.7%			
	Difference	\$	(6.7)	\$	(2.5)					
			-31.2%		-6.2%					



Federal Formula Funding

TriMet <u>will not be penalized</u> due to ridership reductions or increased operating costs in FY2022 and FY2023

Formula based on FY2019, FY2020 or FY2021, whichever is higher

For calculations purposes, future year growth is forecast to be flat in FY2022 but growing 2% or \$1.3M and thereafter

Total annual amount of this revenue source has been \$63 Million

No Change





CARES ACT & STIF Funding

CARES Act Funding

- Total of just under \$185 M has been fully drawn down
- \$1.9 M earmarked for City of Portland - Streetcar

STIF Funding

- Service preservation
- Over \$95.8 M received
- Over \$63.1 M not yet spent
- \$13.0 M to be received in FY2021
- \$64.7 M dedicated to capital projects (buses, TC expansion, ETC, Bus stops, ADA improvements, digital displays, lighting)





Service

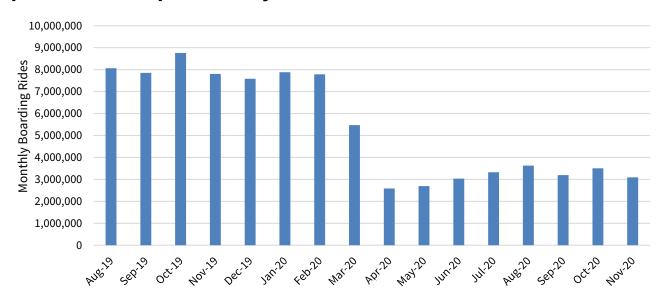
- 43% of total bus service reductions have been added back
 - 9,418 weekly vehicle hours or 18.3% were cut on April 5th, 2020 [Bus, MAX, WES]
 - 4,023 weekly vehicle hours or 43% have been added back [Bus only]
- MAX & WES service has remained unchanged, operating at 8% and 34% cuts, respectively.
- LIFT continues as a demand service, however, current fiscal year has operated at 62% below the previous year

No Change



Ridership

Down significantly and relatively flat. November was down 61% compared to the previous year.





Operating Expenses

Down approximately 18% compared to budget and 11% compared to the prior year. Service reductions, hiring freeze and fuel costs are the largest contributions to the savings thus far.

Operating Expenses									
(in Millions)									
	Curi	rent Year	Pric	or Year					
Budget	\$	205.8	\$	198.8					
Actual	\$	169.0	\$	188.8	\$ (19.7)	-10.5%			
Difference	\$	(36.8)	\$	(10.0)					
		-17.9%		-5.0%					





Financial Modeling Assumptions

Ridership is anticipated to slowly return until reaching pre-COVID levels by mid-FY2027

All financial modeling anticipates that fare increases will resume with a fare increase of \$0.10 starting in FY2023 and every other year thereafter

- Service
 - DTP starting in FY2023
 - Red Line starting in FY2024
 - Bus & MAX service restoration gradually continues over next few years.



Financial Modeling Assumptions - Continued

- No additional external funding assumed
- Debt ceiling remains at 7.5% of continuing revenues
- Months operating reserves remain at 2.25 months
- Materials & Services held constant with FY2021 levels
- GF capital investments at \$18.5 M in FY2022 & \$10 M annually thereafter
- Personnel Services maintained at FY2021 levels in FY2022, increasing thereafter
- Continued pension contributions of \$5.5 M and \$25 M

No Change



Cost Cutting Efforts Since Pandemic Began

- Reduced Service
 - Bus
 - MAX
 - WES
 - LIFT
 - Portland Streetcar
- Pause on Service Expansion
- Maintaining Reliability and Adjusting for Capacity
- Hiring Freeze
- Limited new positions

- Evaluation of vacant positions
- Wage Freeze
- Limited Travel
 - Online training when available
- Overall operating expense reduction
 - All Divisions are making an effort to watch expenses.
- Deferred or de-scoped capital projects where possible



Financial Outlook: FY2022 - FY2027

As of August the 5-year shortfall was \$133M:

	FY2022	FY2023	FY2024	FY2025	FY2026	FY2027
Shortfalls projected	\$0.00	(\$96.0M)	(\$32.5M)	(\$3.0M)	(\$1.5)	\$1M

As of October the 5-year shortfall is \$106M:

	FY2022	FY2023	FY2024	FY2025	FY2026	FY2027
Shortfalls projected	\$0.00	(\$35.5M)	(\$62.5M)	(\$2.0M)	(\$5.5)	(\$0.5M)



Questions

